Insync Supply Chain Management Value Proposition



Insync Supply Chain Management Value Proposition

A Value Proposition provides a high level estimate of cost reduction and value creation opportunities

It is not meant to be an exhaustive prediction of actual operational improvements, but rather an estimate based on financial statements and observed results at other companies.

The Value Proposition will

- Identify value creation opportunities
- Quantify the value creation potential



Supply Chain Value Opportunities

Supply chain improvements generate numerous opportunities:

Supply Chain	Customer Management	Supplier Management
Inventory	Selling Expenses	Direct Materials
 The value of reduced inventory through improved planning and scheduling Manufacturing 	 Value creation from improved sales force management and sales administration 	 Value driven by the ability to find a lower cost supplier and the ability to collaborate with suppliers
Estimated savings from	Margin Increases	Indirect Materials
improved ability to schedule production through forecasting collaboration	 Ability to gain improved margins and selling of higher margin products 	 Value driven by the ability to find a lower cost supplier and the ability to collaborate with
Logistics	Turnover Improvements	suppliers
Reduction of transportation	 Improved selling activities 	Procurement Expenses
costs through better timing of shipping and receiving products		 Reduce the time from requirement to fulfillment and administrative resources to
Spares Inventory		meet the demand
 Ability to deliver the right products to the market place in a more timely fashion 		



through improved SCM

Assumptions of the Value Proposition

The Value Proposition is based on audited financial information, analyst reports, news articles, ISCM experience in related industries, and ISCM analysis

Assumptions are based on lack of previous significant supply chain enhancement activity in each of the improvement categories

Assumptions are determined across 15 industry categories, and in this case using high technology as the baseline

Metals Consumer Electronics High Technology

Retail/Wholesale **Automotive** Logistics

Pharmaceuticals

Industrial Products Paper

Medical Products **Telecom Providers**

Energy & Chemicals Telecom Equipment



Aerospace

CPG

The Value Proposition is based on 3 categories of assumptions

Technology & Supply Chain Improvements

- Improvement assumed for each value bucket based on exploiting available technology or best in class supply chain practices
- The degree of improvement is based on SCD experience and previous results

Industry Data

- Insight to companies based on calculated assumptions of industry specific components of COGS, Inventory and Operating Expenses
- Based on industry trends and samples of top companies within each segment

Industry Impact

- Assumed magnitude of improvements on each value bucket for each industry
- Assumptions are based on customer experiences of similar companies and industries



Value Prop Baseline ...

Data obtained from 2014 Report

Assumptions made on

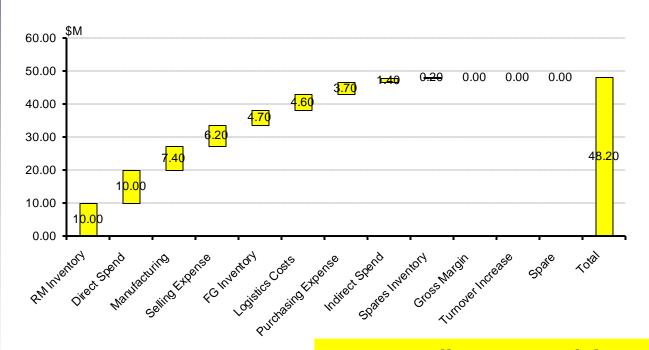
- Indirect Purchasing
- Procurement Expense

In	come Sta	tement			In	dustry Norr	ns
	\$	%	\$	\$	%	\$	\$
Total Sales	767			766.8			766.8
Cost of Goods Sold				386.1			414.1
Direct Materials	219		219.3			289.9	
Manufacturing Cost	128		127.9			62.1	
Logistic Cost	21		20.7			20.7	
Indirect Materials	18		18.3			41.4	
Gross Margin		49.64%		380.7	46.00%		352.7
Operating Expense				253.9			245.4
Selling Expense	112		111.5			61.3	
Procurement Expense	25		24.5			24.5	
Other Operating Expense	118		117.8			159.5	
Other Expenses				0.0			0.0
Other Income	11			11.2			0.0
EBIT		18.00%		138.0	14.00%		107.4
A	sset Calcu	lation			Ass	et Calculat	ion
Assets	947.365			947.4			1180.9
ROA				0.15			0.09
	entory Cal	culation				Inventory	
Inventory Value				202.0			53.7
Raw Materials	135.6		135.6			13.4	
WIP	2.9		2.9			21.5	
Finished Goods	58.7		58.7			13.4	
Spare parts	4.9		4.9			5.4	
Inventory Days				96			26
Inventory Turns				3.8			14.3



Potential Cost Reductions and Increased Revenue

Potential savings by type are spread across many buckets, with increased value derived from both lower costs and increased revenues ...





... totaling a potential opportunity of approximately \$50 Million per annum

The new income statement

The revised income statement and asset/inventory calculations reveal significant cost reductions and value creation opportunities:

- 7% improvement in Gross Margin
- 27% improvement in EBIT
- 8% improvement in ROA
- 58% improvement in Inventory Turns

Income Statement						
	Today Fu		ture	Change		
		\$		\$		
Total Sales		766.8		766.81	0.0%	
Cost of Goods Sold		386.1		357.9	-7.3%	
Direct Materials	219.3	300.1	209.2	337.9	-7.5%	
Indirect Materials	18.3		16.9			
	127.9		120.5			
Manufacturing Costs			0.0			
Logistic Costs	20.7		16.1			
Inventory Carrying Cost	-		-4.9			
Gross Margin		380.7		408.9	7.4%	
Operating Expense		253.9		244.1	-3.9%	
Selling Expense	111.5		105.4			
Purchasing Expense	24.5		20.8			
Other Operating Expense	117.8		117.8			
Other Expenses		0.0		0.0		
·						
Other Income		11.2		11.2		
EBIT		138.0		176.1	27.6%	

Asset Calculation						
Assets	947.4	873.2	-7.8%			
ROA	0.15	0.20	38.5%			

Inventory Calculation					
Inventory Value	202.0	127.9	-36.7%		
Inventory Turns	3.80	6.00	58.0%		

